Guidelines for Student Athletic Eligibility Produced By The Ohio High School Athletic Association

For School Counselors



Virtually every scholarship appeal that comes to the OHSAA office places sole responsibility on you, the school counselor, for a student's failure to meet the requirements of the applicable scholarship bylaws found in 4-4. Even though that notion is absolutely incorrect and OHSAA rules make reference to the fact that scholastic success is a shared responsibility with parents and students expected to shoulder most of the load, the Executive Director's Office has prepared this document to inform you of the crucial information that you need to know in order to advise students appropriately.

IMPORTANT ITEMS TO KNOW

HIGH SCHOOL

- All high school students MUST be enrolled in and earn passing grades in a minimum of five one-credit courses (or the equivalent) each 1. and every grading period to have continuing eligibility.
- Participate in every effort to ensure that all students are fully scheduled in a minimum of five one-credit courses each grading period. 2
- 3. If a student comes to you and asks to drop a course, ask the following questions:
 - Are you a student athlete? я.
 - b. What sports do you play?
 - c. Have you visited with your athletic administrator or principal to determine if dropping this course will affect your eligibility to play a sport?
- 4. Do not allow the student to drop a course which reduces his/her course load below five one credit courses unless you receive a form from a senior administrator a template of which can be accessed here. (http://www.ohsaa.org/Portals/0/Eligibility/forms/SuggestedScheduleChangeForm.pdf)
- 5. The required Physical Education Course is not a full credit course. Do not count this course as one of the five full credit courses.
- Always contact your principal or athletic administrator if you have any questions. 6.
- The OHSAA has no minimum grade point (GPA) requirement, thus issues regarding eligibility when only the GPA is of concern are 7. strictly a local school district matter and not an OHSAA matter

Grades 7-8

- All 7-8th grade students MUST be enrolled in and earn passing grades in a minimum of five courses each and every grading period to 1. have continuing eligibility.
- Participate in every effort to ensure that all students are fully scheduled in a minimum of five courses each grading period. 3.
 - If a student comes to you and asks to drop a course, ask the following questions:
 - Are vou a student athlete? a.
 - h. What sports do you play?
 - c. Have you visited with your athletic administrator or principal to determine if dropping this course will affect your eligibility to play a sport?
- Do not allow the student to drop a course which reduces his/her course load below five courses unless you receive a form from a senior 4. administrator a template of which can be accessed here. (http://www.ohsaa.org/Portals/0/Eligibility/forms/SuggestedScheduleChangeForm.pdf)
- Always contact your principal or athletic administrator if you have any questions. 5.

NOTE: "Grading period" is defined as your school's board-adopted calendar. In most school districts, this is a nine-week period, while some districts use six- or 12-week periods or semesters. It should also be noted, however, that interim, biweekly or weekly evaluations are not considered "grading periods," and restoration of eligibility is NOT permitted after such evaluations.

In addition, students who have not met the high school or 7-8th scholarship requirement are not "substantively eligible;" and a student who fails to register for enough credit hours, fails a class(es) or drops a class that lowers the student below the requisite number of credits, always has a shared responsibility for this shortcoming thus disqualifying such shortcoming from the "due solely to an administrative error" category. Therefore; the administrative error bylaw shall never be used in conjunction with Bylaws 4-4-1 or 4-4-5.

Examples of Determining Student Eligibility – Grades 9-12

Passing grades must be received in a minimum of five one-credit courses, or the equivalent, in the immediately preceding grading period. To determine credit equivalency, multiply full-year courses by a factor of 1; semester courses by a factor of 2; twelve-week courses by a factor of 3; and nine-week courses by a factor of 4.

	-	Exam	ple 1: 1st Nine-	Week Grading Period
Subject	Grade	Credit & Duration	Factor	Credit Equivalency (Must Equal 5 Units or Equivalent)
English 10	С	1 - all year	1	1 x 1 = 1
Spanish I	D	1 - all year	1	$1 \ge 1 = 1$
Health	В	1/2 - semester	2	$1/2 \ge 2 = 1$
Algebra	F	1 - all year	1	0
Computers	С	1/2 - semester	2	$1/2 \ge 2 = 1$
Social Studies	<u>C</u>	1/2 - semester	2	$1/2 \ge 2 = 1$
Total Credits				5 = eligible for 2nd grading period
		Exam	ple 2: 4th Nine-	Week Grading Period
Subject	Grade	Credit & Duration	Factor	Credit Equivalency (Must Equal 5 Units or Equivalent)
English	С	1 - all year	1	$1 \ge 1$
O.W.E.	F	2 - all year	1	0
O.W.E.	D	1 - all year	1	$1 \ge 1 = 1$
History	В	1 - all year	1	$1 \ge 1 = 1$
Health	В	1/4 - semester	2	$1/4 \ge 2 = 1/2$
Typing	C	1/4 - 4th 9 weeks	4	$1/4 \ge 4 = 1$
Total Credits	—			$\overline{41/2}$ = ineligible for 1st grading period of next school year
Dost Sooo	ndory Or	tion Collogo C	adit Dhua	Now for 2015 16

Post-Secondary Option – College Credit Plus – New for 2015-16

Note: If a student is taking all course work at the post-secondary institution under the College Credit Plus program, the calculation of equivalency has changed. Please note that in accordance with Bylaw 4-4-1, all courses taken in College Credit Plus must count toward high school graduation.

In addition, students electing to enroll in CCP must be certain that 1.) The faculty members at the post-secondary institution understand that they will need to provide grades or a progress report at the time when the high school's grading period is over, and 2.) The student-athlete is taking enough course work at the post-secondary institution exclusively or between the post-secondary institution and the high school combined to be equivalent to five one-credit courses. Calculating equivalency of credits in the post-secondary institution is conducted in the same manner as in the high school, based on the Carnegie unit. **College courses for which three or more semester hours of credit are earned shall be awarded one Carnegie unit. Fractional Carnegie units will be awarded proportionately. This means that courses which are four, five, six or even seven hours of credit receive just one Carnegie unit. Examples of CCP options:**

Example 1: 1st Nine-Week Grading Period Credit Equivalency (Must Equal 5 Units or Equivalent) Subject School Credit & Duration History High CCP 1 (year course) $\begin{array}{c} 1 \ x \ 1 = 1 \\ 1 \ x \ 2 = 2 \end{array}$ Literature 3 semester hours $1 \ge 2 = 2$ Calculus CCP 5 semester hours $1 \ge 2 = 2$ CCP Biology 3 semester hours **Total Credits** 7 = eligible for 2nd grading period provided all courses passed The factor of 2 is used for post-secondary institutions that are on the semester system.

		Exam	ple 2: 4th Nine-Week Grading Period
Subject	School	Credit & Duration	Credit Equivalency (Must Equal 5 Units or Equivalent)
French	CCP	5 semester hours	$1 \ge 2$
Sociology	CCP	3 semester hours	$1 \ge 2 = 2$
Computers	CCP	2 semester hours	.67 x 2=
Geology	CCP	3 semester hours	$1 \ge 2 = 2$
Total Credits			7.34 = eligible for 1st grading period of next school year provided all courses passed

The factor of 2 is used for post-secondary institutions that are on the semester system. Note that this student is taking all courses at the post-secondary institution, which is acceptable.

Block Scheduling

Block scheduling or double blocking of courses does not change the calculation of credit equivalencies as required in OHSAA bylaws. Courses taken over one semester or one quarter (9-week period) carry a factor of 2 and 4, respectively. Therefore, if a student takes an English course during the first semester only and receives one credit for passing that course, that class carries an equivalency of 2 (1 credit x the factor for a semester course (2) = 2). Examples of block scheduling:

		Exan	ıple 1: 1st Nine∙	Week Grading Period
Subject	Grade	Credit & Duration	Factor	Credit Equivalency (Must Equal 5 Units or Equivalent)
English 10	С	1 - semester	2	$1 \ge 2$
Spanish 2	С	1 - semester	2	$1 \ge 2 = 2$
Health	В	1/4 - 1st 9 weeks	4	$1/4 \ge 4 = 1$
Total Credits	_			5 = eligible for 2nd grading period
		Exam	ple 2: 3rd Nine	Week Grading Period
Subject	Grade	Credit & Duration	- Easter	$C_{\text{res}} = \frac{1}{2} \left[E_{\text{res}} - \frac{1}{2} \left[E_{\text{res}} + E_{\text{res}} - \frac{1}{2} \left[E_{\text{res}} + E_{\text{res}} + \frac{1}{2} \left$
	Orauc	Clean & Duration	Factor	Credit Equivalency (Must Equal 5 Units or Equivalent)
Calculus	B	1 - semester	2	$\frac{\text{Creatt Equivalency (Must Equal 5 Units of Equivalent)}}{1 \ge 2}$
			2 2	
Calculus		1 - semester	2 2 2 2	$1 \ge 2$

Examples of Determining Student Eligibility – Grades 7-8

Passing grades are required in a minimum of five subjects in which enrolled in the immediately preceding grading period. All courses, regardless of how many times per week the course meets, in which a student receives a grade count toward this eligibility requirement.

	Example 1: 1st Nine-Week Grading Period
Subject English Math Home Economics Computers	Grade F B B C C
Music Health	C <u>F</u>
Credits Passed	$\frac{1}{4}$ of 6 classes = NOT eligible for 2nd grading period
	Example 2: 3rd Nine-Week Grading Period
Subject English Math Industrial Arts Music Computers Physical Education Credits Passed NOTE:	Grade F D C B B <u>B</u> <u>B</u> 5 of 6 classes = eligible for 4th grading period
For additional information, con	tact:
	Ohio High School Athletic Association 4080 Roselea Place, Columbus, Ohio 43214 Office Hours: Monday - Friday 7:30 a.m 4:30 p.m. Telephone: (614) 267-2502 • Fax: (614) 267-1677 • Website: ohsaa.org
The complete text of the Bylaws posted on the OHSAA website.	and Regulations is published in the OHSAA Handbook, which is mailed to your school each summer and is